

The Physical Therapy Profession

Month DD, YYYY

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PTMovesMe

Provided by **APTA**



Introduction to Physical Therapy



Physical therapy is treatment provided by a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant that helps people improve their movement and physical function, manage pain and other chronic conditions, and recover from and prevent injury and chronic disease.





Physical Therapists Are Movement Experts



- Licensed doctors who examine, diagnose, and treat movement dysfunction.
- Help people impacted by disease, injury, and disability.
- Prevent movement loss and promote wellness.
- Use therapeutic exercise, modalities, assistive devices, patient education, and evidencebased research to treat patients.



Physical Therapist Assistants Collaborate With PTs

- Educated and licensed or certified clinicians.
- Provide physical therapy services under the direction and supervision of a licensed physical therapist.
- Implement components of patient care, obtain data related to the treatments provided, and collaborate with physical therapists to modify care, as necessary.
- Physical therapist assistants are not the same as physical therapy aides.





More than 21 million U.S. adults have a disability.

Physical therapists can develop a physical activity plan for people with physical disabilities based on their individual goals, needs, and challenges.





8 Things You Didn't Know About Physical Therapy



1. Only Licensed PTs and PTAs Can Provide Physical Therapist Services

Physical Therapists are not:

- Personal trainers.
- Massage therapists.
- Athletic trainers.
- Chiropractors.

Physical Therapists are:

- Movement and body mechanics experts.
- Licensed clinical doctors.
- Evidence-based practitioners.
- Trained to diagnose, examine, and treat all populations.



2. PTs and PTAs Care for People of All Ages and Abilities

They treat patients across the lifespan (birth to end of life)













3. PTs and PTAs Work Throughout the Health Care System





4. PTs and PTAs Can Focus on Specific Areas of Care

PT Specialties

Cardiovascular & Pulmonary

Clinical Electrophysiology

Geriatrics

Neurology

Oncology

Orthopaedics

Pediatrics

Sports

Women's Health

Wound Management

PTA Proficiencies

Acute Care

Cardiovascular & Pulmonary

Geriatrics

Oncology

Orthopaedics

Pediatrics

Wound Management



5. PTs and PTAs Treat Multiple Body Systems

They also manage and decrease symptoms associated with diseases and disorders.



For example:

- Cardiovascular: Coronary artery disease
- Respiratory: Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
- Integumentary: Skin burns
- Muscular/Skeletal: Back pain, dislocations/fractures
- Nervous: Stroke, traumatic brain injury, vertigo
- Urinary/Renal: Incontinence
- Reproductive: Pelvic pain
- Immune/Lymphatic: Lymphedema
- Digestive: SIBO, GERD, IBS



6. You Do Not Have To Be a Science Major* To Pursue a Career in Physical Therapy



Popular Majors

- Exercise/health science
- Spanish
- Business administration
- Psychology
- Liberal arts

*You will have to take science courses, but you do not have to be a science major.



7. There Are Two Physical Therapy Career Pathways

Pathway to DPT



* Some DPT programs offer freshman entry

Pathway to PTA

High school diploma or GED

Two-year associate degree

PTA licensure exam



8. As a Physical Therapist You Can Be a

- Clinical practitioner.
- Board-certified specialist.
- PT resident.
- PT fellow.
- Professor/program director.
- · Researcher.

- · Professional advocate.
- APTA staff/CEO/Board member.
- Travel PT.
- Entrepreneur.
- Influencer.
- More ...



Physical Therapy Education



Pathway to DPT

High school diploma or GED

Bachelor's degree

3-year DPT degree*

DPT licensure exam

* Some DPT programs offer freshman entry

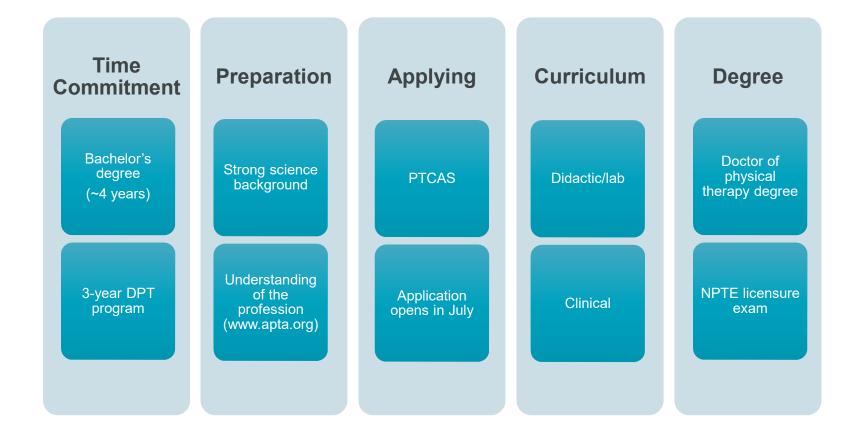








DPT Application and Education





Pathway to PTA

High school diploma or GED

Two-year associate degree

PTA licensure exam









PTA Application and Education

Time Commitment

High school

Two-year PTA program

Preparation

Science background

Understanding of profession

Applying

Research programs (CAPTE)

Individual program applications

Curriculum

Didactic/lab

Clinical

Degree

Associate degree

Licensure exam / certification



Why Choose Physical Therapy?



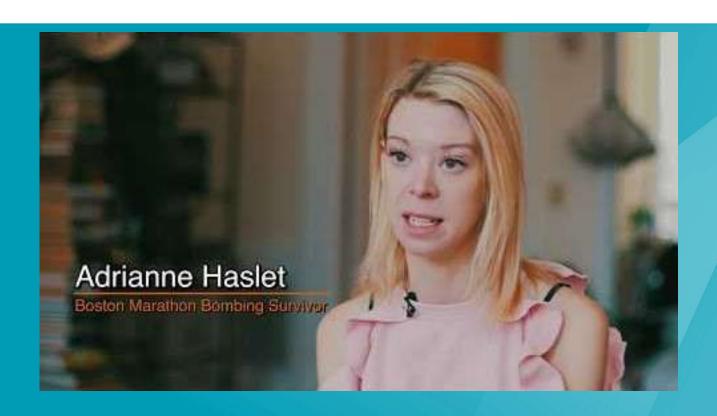
Movement Is Essential to Life

PTs and PTAs optimize quality of life by focusing on movement loss prevention and optimal movement performance.





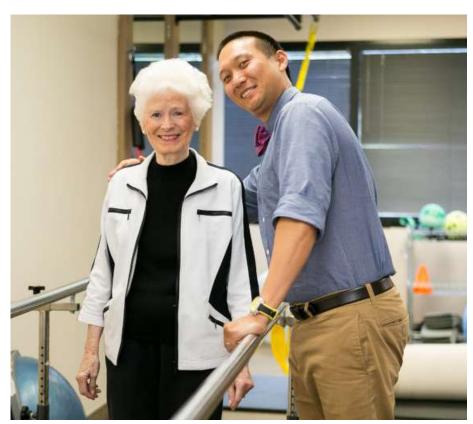
Boston Marathon bombing survivor Adrianne Haslet thought her quality of life would be a zero. Her physical therapist and the rest of her health care team helped Adrianne to move and to believe again.





Physical Therapy Is a Personally, Professionally, and Financially Rewarding Career!

- Top-ranked health care profession
- Growing profession; 14% increase (PT) in 2022-2023
- 2023 Median salaries: \$99,710 (PT) and \$58,740 (PTA)
- Fosters relationships with patients
- Allows you to see the direct impact and benefit of your work





How To Prepare



Start Preparing Now!

Do your research

Observe a PT or PTA

Diversify your experience

Find a mentor

Review anatomy and physiology

Build a strong science foundation



Resources



APTA Helpful Resources

American Physical Therapy Association apta.org

Physical Therapist Centralized Application Service ptcas.org

Commission on Accreditation in Physical Therapy Education capteonline.org

APTA Free Financial Literacy Resource moneysmart.ptmovesme.org/

Questions about PT Careers or Pathway to PT/PTA studentrecruitment@apta.org





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Questions & Answers



APTA Financial Resources

- https://moneysmart.ptmoves me.org/
- Create a free account and learn important financial skills
- National scholarship portal





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Thank You



Building a community that advances the profession of physical therapy to improve the health of society.

